



**1ST INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON PHONONIC CRYSTALS,  
METAMATERIALS & OPTOMECHANICS**

**May 29-June 2 2011, Santa Fe, New Mexico, USA**

## **Welcome from the Chairs of *Phononics 2011***



Ihab El-Kady  
Sandia National Laboratories



Mahmoud I. Hussein  
University of Colorado at Boulder

Dear Colleagues and Conference Participants,

We would like to thank you all for your participation in Phononics 2011: The First International Conference on Phononic Crystals, Metamaterials and Optomechanics – which is being held in Santa Fe, New Mexico, USA, from May 29 – June 2, 2011.

For decades there has been a strong passion within the physics and engineering communities for the study of the propagation of elastic and acoustic waves in periodic and nonperiodic media across different length scales. In recent years this interest has led to the emergence of phononic crystals and acoustic metamaterials as new types of material systems with a potential to revolutionize many technological applications. In parallel, the conventional discipline of heat transfer has witnessed a strategic shift towards the nanoscale in pursuit of a more fundamental understanding of the underlying thermal phenomena. This transformation has been guided by the conviction that for best results a rigorous mechanistic description of phonon transport ought to be adopted. Optomechanics is another key area of research which studies coupled phenomena involving phonons. The coherent intersection between optical and mechanical waves lies at the micro/nanoscale. This area of research holds promise to solve important issues in the general field of optics and more specifically for photonic devices.

The rapid and simultaneous growth of these closely-related disciplines has provided a converging point of historical significance for the science of phonons. Two years ago, in June

2009, an International Workshop on Phononic Crystals was co-organized by Professors Ali Adibi and Abdelkrim Khelif. This workshop took place in Nice, France and was attended by around thirty experts in the field from around the world. Building on this effort, we along with our colleagues in the organizing committees felt it is timely to establish a larger international forum that unifies all the phonon-related areas by creating a conference where experts could interact and cross-fertilize. *Phononics 2011* - the first international conference of its kind - aims to fulfill this mission.

*Phononics 2011* aims to bring together researchers with emphasis in both theory and experiments. As such, sessions cover theoretical studies, numerical simulations, fabrication, and characterization of appropriate structures. Furthermore, these areas can be broken down by their frequency ranges which entail different modeling approaches. More specifically, this conference covers seven themes: (1) Phononic crystals, (2) Phononic metamaterials, (3) Wave propagation in periodic structures, (4) Nanoscale phonon transport, (5) Phononic MEMS and RF applications, (6) Optomechanics, and (7) Fabrication and characterization for phononics. For more information on the conference and its themes, please visit the conference website at: [www.phononics2011.org](http://www.phononics2011.org).

We hope that *Phononics 2011*, and the subsequent *Phononics 20xx* conferences which will take place on a biannual basis, will provide a unique avenue for dissemination and exchange of knowledge in all the themes related to phonons, across the different length scales and disciplines. It is our aspiration that this forum's participants will together lay the foundation for the emerging field of *phononics*.

Yours sincerely,

Ihab El-Kady  
Sandia National Laboratories

Mahmoud I. Hussein  
University of Colorado at Boulder

Albuquerque and Boulder, April 2011

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## Information About the Conference

The study of phonons - although a core discipline in the conventional condensed matter physics literature - is currently being viewed in a new light. Whether examined at the nanoscale, microscale or larger scales, the analysis and manipulation of phonons (aka *phononics*) is opening up a new technological frontier with a potential impact that could match that of electronics almost half a century ago. Indeed a rival field, photonics, is gathering similar momentum. Looking closely, phononics encompass a range of interconnected disciplines, usually labeled in terms of the type of host "material" that provides the medium for phononic wave propagation. These include *phononic crystals*, *phononic metamaterials*, *crystalline materials* and *periodic structures*. The application domains that these phononic materials are impacting, with increasing promise, range from vibration isolation in MEMS components, through frequency sensing in RF communications, to nano-scale thermal transport control in semiconductors. With the recent advent of metamaterials, exotic applications are now added to the list such as acoustic cloaking and superlensing. The interaction of mechanical waves with their optical counterpart in a lattice, i.e., optomechanics, is opening up yet another barrage of opportunities especially in telecommunications.

*Phononics 2011* provides a unique avenue for dissemination and exchange of knowledge in all the themes mentioned previously. In particular, the conference is divided into the following topical themes:

- (1) Phononic crystals,
- (2) Phononic metamaterials,
- (3) Wave propagation in periodic structures,
- (4) Nanoscale phonon transport,
- (5) Phononic MEMS and RF applications,
- (6) Optomechanics,
- (7) Fabrication and characterization for phononics

The number of abstracts submitted to the conference exceeded 180, including over 60 distinguished invited speakers, and represent a large number of nations from across the globe. The figure below captures the geographical distribution of the most recent visitors to the conference website (in April 2011). Furthermore, the *Felix Bloch Lecture* is being inaugurated at *Phononics 2011* as a named lecture to honor researchers who have made outstanding contributions to the field. More information on the Felix Bloch lecture and this year's lecturer is available in a separate brochure. For more information on the conference and the participants, please visit the conference website at: [www.phononics2011.org](http://www.phononics2011.org).

Courtesy: Web-Stat.com



Visits to [www.phononics.org](http://www.phononics.org) from across the globe

# Conference Organizers and Committees

## Conference Chairs:

Ihab El-Kady  
Sandia National Laboratories / University of New Mexico (USA)

Mahmoud I. Hussein  
University of Colorado at Boulder (USA)

## International Organizing Committee (IOC):

Chiara Daraio  
California Institute of Technology (USA)  
Abdelkrim Khelif  
Georgia Institute of Technology / CNRS (USA/France)  
Roy H. Olsson III  
Sandia National Laboratories (USA)  
Peter Rakich  
Sandia National Laboratories (USA)  
Massimo Ruzzene  
Georgia Institute of Technology (USA)  
Jose Sanchez-Dehesa  
Univ. Politecnica de Valencia (Spain)  
Tsung-Tsong Wu  
National Taiwan University (Taiwan)

## Technical Program Committee (TPC):

Mehmet F. Su  
University of New Mexico (USA)  
Osama R. Bilal  
University of Colorado at Boulder (USA)  
Ryan M. Camacho  
Sandia National Laboratories (USA)  
Bruce L. Davis  
University of Colorado at Boulder (USA)  
Bernardo G. Farfan  
University of New Mexico (USA)  
Zayd C. Leseman  
University of New Mexico (USA)  
Charles M. Reinke  
Sandia National Laboratories (USA)

**Local Organizing Committee (LOC) (Prior to Venue Change):**

Tamer Elnady  
 Ain Shams University (Egypt)  
 Sherif Sedky  
 American University in Cairo (Egypt)  
 Ehab Abdel Rahman  
 American University in Cairo (Egypt)  
 Mohammed El-Beltagy  
 Cairo University (Egypt)  
 Amal Esawi  
 American University in Cairo (Egypt)  
 Hany Hamdy  
 Beni-Suef University (Egypt)  
 Hanadi Salem  
 American University in Cairo (Egypt)

**Scientific Advisory Board (SAB):**

A. Adibi (USA)	G. Bogart (USA)	K. Maute (USA)	R. Camacho (USA)
A. Balandin (USA)	G. Cole (Austria)	K. P. Pipe (USA)	R. H. Olsson (USA)
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A. J. H. McGaughey (USA)	G. M. Hulbert (USA)	M. Descour (USA)	S. Nemat-Nasser (USA)
A. Khelif (France/USA)	G. Orris (USA)	M. El-Beltagy (Egypt)	S. Sedky (Egypt)
A. N. Norris (USA)	G. Piazza (USA)	M. I. Hussein (USA)	S. Thorne (USA)
A. S. Phani (USA)	H. Hamdy (Egypt)	M. J. Leamy (USA)	T. Carmon (USA)
B. Bonello (France)	H. Salem (Egypt)	M. L. Dunn (USA)	T. Elnady (Egypt)
B. Djafari-Rouhani (France)	H. Tang (USA)	M. Lipson (USA)	T. Huang (USA)
B. Li (Singapore)	I. El-Kady (USA)	M. M. Farag (Egypt)	T. Kippenberg (Switzerland)
C. Daraio (USA)	I. Maasilta (Finland)	M. Ruzzene (USA)	T. T. Wu (Taiwan)
C. Hladky-Hennion (France)	I. Psarobas (Greece)	M. Sigalas (Greece)	U. Jonas (Greece)
C. Reinke (USA)	J. Christensen (Spain)	M. Spector (USA)	V. Laude (France)
C.T. Chan (USA)	J. H. Page (Canada)	M. Su (USA)	V. Romero-Garcia (Spain)
D. Donadio (Germany)	J. Li (Hong Kong)	O. Painter (USA)	W. Akl (Egypt)
E. Abdel Rahman (Egypt)	J. S. Jensen (Denmark)	O. Sigmund (Denmark)	X. Zhang (USA)
E. N. Economou (Greece)	J. Sanchez-Dehesa (Spain)	P. Deymier (USA)	Y. Pennec (France)
E. Shaner (USA)	J. Vasseur (France)	P. E. Hopkins (USA)	Z. C. Leseman (USA)
F. McCormick (USA)	J. Wen (China)	P. Rakich (USA)	

## Sponsors

The conference chairs and organizing committee members wish to acknowledge and express their deepest gratitude towards the following institutions for their financial support:

- **Sandia National Laboratories, USA**
- **Office of Naval Research, USA**
- **National Science foundation, USA**
- **FEI Electron Microscopes, USA**

The conference organizers also wish to express their appreciation to the following institutions for their direct support to the efforts of the conference chairs:

- **Sandia National Laboratories, USA**
- **University of Colorado at Boulder, USA**
- **University of New Mexico, USA**

Furthermore, the conference organizers are grateful to the following institutions for their honorary and technical sponsorship in support of the conference efforts:

- **Sandia National Laboratories, USA**
- **University of Colorado at Boulder, USA**
- **University of New Mexico, USA**
- **National Taiwan University, Taiwan**
- **Universidad Politecnica de Valencia, Spain**
- **Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique, France**
- **Georgia Institute of Technology, USA**
- **California Institute of Technology, USA**
- **American University in Cairo, Egypt**
- **Ain Shams University, Egypt**
- **Cairo University, Egypt**
- **Beni Suef University, Egypt**
- **Acoustical Society of Egypt, Egypt**

## Acknowledgments

The conference chairs would like to express their deepest gratitude to the members of the International Organizing Committee for their efforts in inviting speakers and their invaluable feedback on the organization of the conference and its structuring.

We would also like to acknowledge the tremendous effort and support of the Technical Program Committee members in the organization of the technical program.

We further wish to express our sincerest gratitude to members of Local Organizing Committee for their efforts especially at the early stages prior to the change of venue from Sharm El-Sheikh, Egypt to Santa Fe, New Mexico, USA.

In addition, we wish to voice our deepest appreciation to our sponsoring organizations for the financial and technical support of the conference efforts.

We would like to extend our warmest thanks to all the conference participants. The enthusiasm they showed and their early confirmation to attend was very important for the successful launch of this new conference.

Moreover, we wish to acknowledge the efforts of those individuals who went out of their way to ensure the success of the conference well beyond the call of duty. As such we would like to voice our gratitude to Dr. Mehmet F. Su, Chair of the Technical Program Committee for his tremendous efforts pertaining to the conference website and electronic abstract submissions. Prof. Zayd C. Leseman, Co-Chair of the Technical Program Committee for his efforts in pursuing prospective sponsors and his tremendous help in the review of the final conference program. Last but certainly not least we wish to thank Ms. Linda Wood, Department of Program and Business Development, Sandia National Laboratories for her pivotal efforts in securing the conference venue and facilities, and her dedication to ensuring that the finest details are addressed and well taken care of.

Finally, we would like to thank our respective spouses Inas El-Shazly and Alaa Ahmed for their continuous emotional support and their patience during long hours that have been spent on ensuring a successful conference especially after the unforeseen venue change and the tremendous effort that went in relocating the conference.

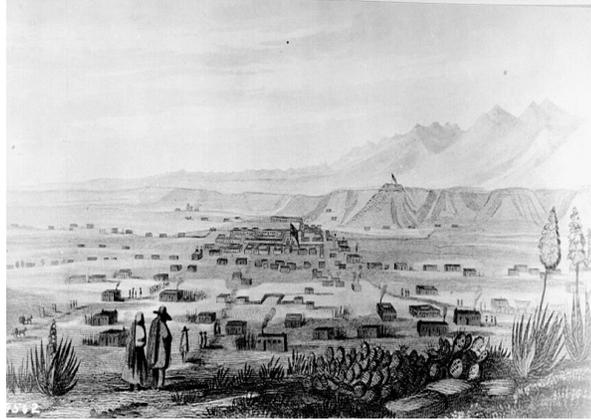
Yours sincerely,

Ihab El-Kady & Mahmoud I. Hussein  
Albuquerque and Boulder, April 2011

# Santa Fe, New Mexico

## History of Santa Fe

Santa Fe, New Mexico is the third oldest surviving American city founded by European colonists and has a very rich and exciting history. This region was originally settled by a number of Pueblo Indian villages that were founded between 1050 and 1150 AD. In the year 1540, Spanish colonists under Francisco Vázquez de Coronado claimed “The Kingdom of New Mexico” under the Spanish Crown, and the capital of

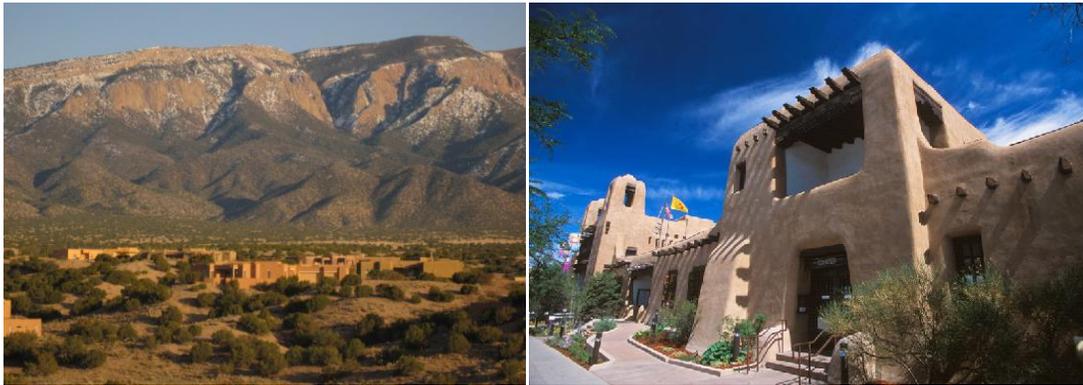
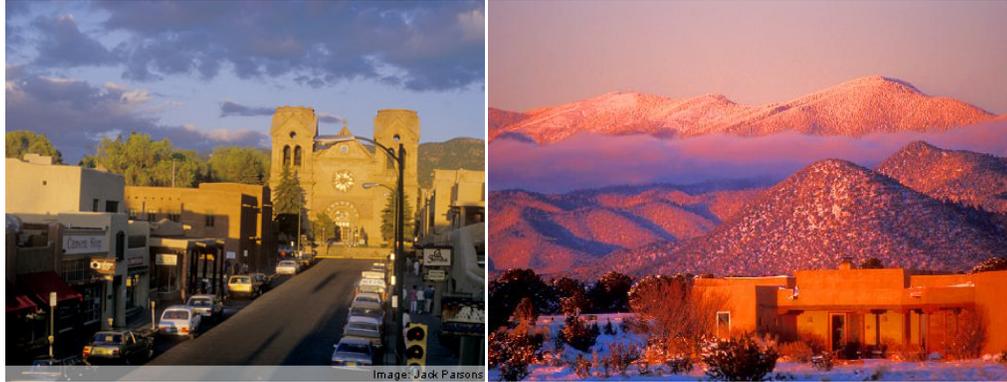


Santa Fe was established in 1598. Shortly after this, in the year 1610, the famous San Miguel Chapel was constructed, making it the oldest standing church in the United States. Turbulent times followed, with a number of Pueblo revolts and attempts to drive out the Spanish. This region remained under Spanish control until the Mexican War or Independence in 1810, when Mexico gained control of the city. In 1846, the United States declared war on Mexico and gained New Mexico through the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo. In the year 1912, New Mexico, with Santa Fe as its capital, became the 47<sup>th</sup> state to join the union.

Santa Fe, the capital of New Mexico, is located approximately 300 miles south of the Colorado boarder. With an elevation of 7,199 ft, Santa Fe is the highest state capital in the United States, as well as the oldest. The local population of about 72,000 makes Santa Fe the fourth largest city in New Mexico, and it continues to grow. With Santa Fe Institute, Sandia National Laboratories, Los Alamos National Laboratories in close proximity, Santa Fe routinely hosts a number of well-renowned technical conferences. Its rich history and emphasis on artistic culture also make it a very popular tourist destination (Source Wikipedia.com).

## Santa Fe's Art

Santa Fe has been home to many famous artists, including painter Georgia O'Keeffe and photographer Eliot Porter. Much of the art showcased in the city's hundreds of galleries focuses on Santa Fe's breathtaking landscapes, Spanish influence, and southwestern style. Santa Fe is also home to the Santa Fe opera, a major performing arts venue that has hosted a myriad of plays, festivals, and concerts.



## Economy and Tourism

Tourism accounts for the second largest percentage of Santa Fe's economy. With its gorgeous mountains and breathtaking views, much of the tourism in Santa Fe revolves around nature and outdoor activities such as skiing, hiking, camping, and rafting. Host to thousands of galleries, Santa Fe is also famous for its emphasis on the arts, being named the second largest art center in the United States after New York City.

## Transportation

**Air:** The closest international airport to Santa Fe is the Albuquerque Sunport (ABQ) and is approximately two hours away by shuttle. Santa Fe is home to a smaller airport (SAF), so connecting flights may be available.

**Bullet Train:** The Rail Runner Express runs between downtown Albuquerque and Santa Fe, and a cab can then be taken from the depot in Santa Fe to the conference hotel. Please visit <http://www.nmrailrunner.com> for the Rail Runner website.

**Shuttle:** There are several reliable shuttles that run between the Albuquerque Sunport and Santa Fe, and the cost is approximately \$25/person each way. Please visit <http://www.sandiashuttle.com> for the Sandia Express shuttle service website.

**Day 0: May 29th      Sunday**

<b>17:00</b>	<b>Registration</b>
<b>19:30</b>	<b>Reception</b>
<b>21:00</b>	<b>Adjourn</b>

## Day 1: May 30th Monday

<b>7:30</b>	<b>Registration</b>	
<b>8:00</b>	<b>Opening Ceremony</b>	
<b>Serial Sessions</b>	<b>Phononic Crystals</b>	
8:30	<b>J.H. Page</b> (Plenary)	
9:00	<b>M. Sigalas</b> (Plenary)	
9:30	<b>B. Bonello</b> (Keynote)	
9:55	<b>B. Djafari-Rouhani</b> (Keynote)	
<b>10:20</b>	<b>Coffee</b>	
10:45	<b>V. Laude</b> (Keynote)	
11:10	<b>C. Hladky-Hennion</b> (Keynote)	
11:35	<b>T.T. Wu</b> (Org. Colloquium)	
12:00	<b>M.I. Hussein</b> (Org. Colloquium)	
<b>12:25</b>	<b>Lunch</b>	
<b>Serial Sessions</b>	<b>Phononic Metamaterials</b>	
14:00	<b>A.N. Norris</b> (Plenary)	
14:30	<b>S.A. Cummer</b> (Plenary)	
15:00	<b>J. Christensen</b> (Keynote)	
15:25	<b>J. Li</b> (Keynote)	
15:50	<b>G. Orris</b> (Keynote)	
16:15	<b>S. Sanchez-Dehesa</b> (Org. Colloquium)	
16:40	<b>A. Khelif</b> (Org. Colloquium)	
<b>17:05</b>	<b>Coffee</b>	
<b>Parallel Sessions:</b>	<b>Phononic Crystals</b>	<b>Phononic Metamaterials</b>
17:30	<b>O. Wright</b> (Invited Oral)	<b>A. Krokhin</b> (Invited Oral)
17:50	<b>G.A. Gazonas</b> (Invited Oral)	<b>D. Torrent</b> (Invited Oral)
18:10	<b>Y. Achaoui</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>A. Spadoni</b> (Contrib. Oral)
18:25	<b>P.H. Otsuka</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>R. Pourabolghasem</b> (Contrib. Oral)
18:40	<b>N.-K. Kuo</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>B. Assouar</b> (Contrib. Oral)
18:55	<b>R. Lucklum</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>Y. Wang</b> (Contrib. Oral)
<b>19:10</b>	<b>Adjourn</b>	

Day 2: May 31st Tuesday

<b>8:00</b>	<b>Announcements</b>	
<b>Serial Sessions</b>	<b>Periodic Structures</b>	
8:30	<b>P. Deymier</b> (Plenary)	
9:00	<b>G.M. Hulbert</b> (Plenary)	
9:30	<b>J.S. Jensen</b> (Keynote)	
9:55	<b>J. Wen</b> (Keynote)	
<b>10:20</b>	<b>Coffee</b>	
10:45	<b>M.J. Leamy</b> (Keynote)	
11:10	<b>A.S. Phani</b> (Keynote)	
11:35	<b>V. Romero-Garcia</b> (Keynote)	
12:00	<b>C. Daraio</b> (Org. Colloquium)	
<b>12:25</b>	<b>Lunch</b>	
<b>Serial Sessions</b>	<b>Phonon Transport</b>	
14:00	<b>B. Li</b> (Plenary)	
14:30	<b>A. Balandin</b> (Plenary)	
15:00	<b>A.J.H. McGaughey</b> (Keynote)	
15:25	<b>K.P. Pipe</b> (Keynote)	
15:50	<b>P.E. Hopkins</b> (Keynote)	
16:15	<b>I. Maasilta</b> (Keynote)	
16:40	<b>I. El-Kady</b> (Org. Colloquium)	
<b>17:05</b>	<b>Coffee</b>	
<b>Parallel Sessions:</b>	<b>Periodic Structures</b>	<b>Phonon Transport</b>
17:30	<b>M.M. Neves</b> (Invited Oral)	<b>M. Maldovan</b> (Invited Oral)
17:50	<b>O. Umnova</b> (Invited Oral)	<b>H. Elsayed-Ali</b> (Invited Oral)
18:10	<b>N. Swintek</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>K. Muralidharan</b> (Contrib. Oral)
18:25	<b>V. Tournat</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>B.L. Davis</b> (Contrib. Oral)
18:40	<b>H. Estrada</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>E. Chavez</b> (Contrib. Oral)
18:55	<b>M. Zubtsov</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>M.C. George</b> (Contrib. Oral)
<b>19:10</b>	<b>Adjourn</b>	

## Day 3: June 1st      Wednesday

<b>8:00</b>	<b>Announcements</b>	
<b>Serial Sessions</b>	<b>Optomechanics</b>	
8:30	<b>O. Painter</b> (Plenary)	
9:00	<b>H. Tang</b> (Plenary)	
9:30	<b>T. Carmon</b> (Keynote)	
9:55	<b>T. Kippenberg</b> (Keynote)	
<b>10:20</b>	<b>Coffee</b>	
10:45	<b>S. Benchabane</b> (Keynote)	
11:10	<b>G. Cole</b> (Keynote)	
11:35	<b>P. Rakich</b> (Org. Colloquium)	
12:00	<b>R. Camacho</b> (Org. Colloquium)	
<b>12:25</b>	<b>Lunch</b>	
<b>Parallel Sessions</b>	<b>Optomechanics</b>	<b>Fab Characterization &amp; Applications</b>
14:00	<b>C.W. Wong</b> (Invited Oral)	<b>B. Kim</b> (Invited Oral)
14:20	<b>M.S. Kang</b> (Invited Oral)	<b>M. Ziaei-Moayyed</b> (Invited Oral)
14:40	<b>C.M. Reinke</b> (Invited Oral)	<b>M.F. Su</b> (Invited Oral)
<b>15:00</b>	<b>Poster Session*</b>	
<b>17:05</b>	<b>Coffee</b>	
<b>17:30</b>	<b>Sia Nemat-Nasser (Felix Bloch Lecture)</b>	
18:30	Free Time	
<b>19:00</b>	<b>Banquet (Phononics 2013 Announcement)</b>	
<b>22:00</b>	<b>Adjourn</b>	

**\*Poster Session:**

1- S. Alaie	9- D.F. Goettler	17 & 18- V. Romero-Garcia (2)
2- G. Bastian	10- M.V. Golub	19- M. Senesi
3- O.R. Bilal	11- Q. Guo	20- A. Tomchek
4- S. Bringuier	12- T.J. Isotalo	21- V. Tournat
5- C.-T. Bui	13- H. Ketata	22- Y.-S. Wang
6- A.L. Chen	14- G. Kevin L. Manktelow	23- A. Young
7- W.S. Chang	15- Y. Pennec	24- X.-Z. Zhou
8- M. Frazier	16- O. Poncelet	25- G. Zhu

**Day 4: June 2nd Thursday**

<b>8:00</b>		<b>Announcements</b>	
<b>Serial Sessions</b>		<b>Fabrication and Characterization for Phononics</b>	
8:30	<b>G. Bogart</b> (Plenary)		
9:00	<b>G. Piazza</b> (Keynote)		
9:25	<b>G. Fytas</b> (Keynote )		
9:50	<b>Z.C. Leseman</b> (Org. Colloquium )		
<b>10:15</b>		<b>Coffee</b>	
<b>Serial Sessions</b>		<b>Phononic MEMS and RF Applications</b>	
10:40	<b>A. Adibi</b> (Plenary)		
11:10	<b>Y. Penne</b> (Keynote)		
11:35	<b>J. Vasseur</b> (Keynote)		
12:00	<b>I. Psarobas</b> (Keynote)		
12:25	<b>R.H. Olsson</b> (Org. Colloquium)		
<b>12:50</b>		<b>Lunch</b>	
<b>Parallel Sessions:</b>	<b>Phon. Crystals &amp; Phon. Transport</b>	<b>Periodic Structures</b>	
14:00	<b>S. Alaie</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>A. Leonard</b> (Contrib. Oral)	
14:15	<b>R.A. Wildman</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>G. Theocharis</b> (Contrib. Oral)	
14:30	<b>M.V. Golub</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>V.J. Sánchez-Morcillo</b> (Contrib. Oral)	
14:45	<b>F. Scarpa</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>G. Wang</b> (Contrib. Oral)	
15:00	<b>R.J. Magyar</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>Y. Xiao</b> (Contrib. Oral)	
15:15	<b>M. Blair</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>S. Chen</b> (Contrib. Oral)	
<b>15:30</b>		<b>Coffee</b>	
<b>Parallel Sessions:</b>	<b>Phonon Transport</b>	<b>Fabrication and Characterization</b>	
15:55	<b>P.-O. Chapuis</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>T.J. Isotalo</b> (Contrib. Oral)	
16:10	<b>M. C. George</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>D.F. Goettler</b> (Contrib. Oral)	
16:25	<b>M. Prunnila</b> (Contrib. Oral)	<b>D. Lanzillotti-Kimura</b> (Contrib. Oral)	
<b>16:40</b>		<b>Adjourn</b>	



**1ST INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON PHONONIC CRYSTALS,  
METAMATERIALS & OPTOMECHANICS**

Sunday: May 29

Detailed Program Information

<b>Registration (Promenade)</b>	<b>5:00pm - 7:30 pm</b>
<b>Reception (Pool)</b>	<b>7:30 pm - 9:00 pm</b>
<b>Adjourn</b>	<b>9:00 PM</b>

Monday: May 30

Detailed Program Information

<b>Registration (Promenade)</b>	<b>7:30 am - 12:00 pm</b>
<b>Opening Ceremony (Mesa BR)</b>	<b>8:00 am - 8:30 am</b>
<b>Track 1: Phononic Crystals</b>	
<b>Session: 1 (Mesa Ballroom)</b>	<b>8:30 am - 10:20 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair: T. T. Wu</b>	
<b>Author: J.H. Page</b>	<b>Category: Plenary Talk</b>
<b>Paper #: 0109</b>	<b>Time: 8:30 am -9:00 am</b>
<b>Title: Ultrasonic Wave Transport in Phononic Crystals</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Ultrasonic experiments on phononic crystals provide a powerful method for investigating the profound effects of periodic structure on wave propagation. We summarize recent progress that has been achieved by combining experiments with multiple scattering theory and FDTD calculations to study bandgap, negative refraction and focusing phenomena.</i></p>	
<b>Author: M. Sigalas</b>	<b>Category: Plenary Talk</b>
<b>Paper #: 0061</b>	<b>Time: 9:00 am -9:30 am</b>
<b>Title: Phononic Crystal Sensors</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Numerical studies of phononic crystals for sensors applications are presented. The sensitivities of the structures on their parameters are studied. Particular attention was given in structures that can be probed with both electromagnetic and elastic waves.</i></p>	
<b>Author: B. Bonello</b>	<b>Category: Keynote Talk</b>
<b>Paper #: 0024</b>	<b>Time: 9:30 am -9:55 am</b>
<b>Title: Phononic Crystals to Control the Propagation of Elastic Waves: Recent Advances</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>In this paper, we briefly review the recent advances made worldwide to control the propagation of elastic waves using phononic crystals (PCs). We show how new effects, including the opening of band gaps in silicon PC plates and the negative refraction of elastic waves, could be at the origin of new Micro ElectroMechanical Systems compatible with CMOS processes.</i></p>	

<b>Author:</b> B. Djafari-Rouhani	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0059	<b>Time:</b> 9:55 am -10:20 am
<b>Title:</b> Engineering of the Band gaps and transmissions in Phononic and phoxonic Crystal Slabs and Waveguides	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>We report on our theoretical works about the engineering of band structures in phononic as well as dual phononic-photonic slabs and strips waveguides. Besides the conventional structure made of a periodic array of holes in a plate, we discuss the more recent geometry of pillars on a membrane or on a substrate. We discuss the best phoxonic structures displaying dual phononic-photonic band gaps and slow modes.</i>	
<b>Coffee Break (Promenade)</b>	<b>10:20 am - 10:45 am</b>
<b>Track 1: Phononic Crystals</b>	
<b>Session: 2 (Mesa Ballroom)</b>	<b>10:45 am - 12:25 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair: J. H. Page</b>	
<b>Author:</b> V. Laude	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0087	<b>Time:</b> 10:45 am -11:10 am
<b>Title:</b> Evanescent Bloch Waves in Phononic Crystals: Complex Band Structure, Losses, and Guidance	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>The complex band structure of evanescent Bloch waves in phononic crystals is elucidated by formulating an eigenvalue problem for the wavevector versus the frequency. It is used to explore the effects of material losses and the phononic crystal guidance mechanism. The method, originally formulated for plane waves, is extended to finite element models.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> C. Hladky-Hennion	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0056	<b>Time:</b> 10:10 am -11:35 am
<b>Title:</b> Negative refraction of elastic waves in 2D phononic crystals	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>Negative refraction of elastic waves is evidenced in a two-dimensional phononic crystal (PC), made of a triangular lattice of steel rods embedded in epoxy. Experiments are carried out on a prism shaped PC inserted inside an epoxy block. The influence of different parameters is discussed in terms of image reconstruction.</i>	

<b>Author:</b> T. T. Wu	<b>Category:</b> Org. Colloquium
<b>Paper #:</b> 0127	<b>Time:</b> 11:35 am -12:00 pm
<b>Title:</b> Focusing and Waveguiding of Lamb Waves in Phononic Plates	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>In this talk, focusing of Lamb waves using the GRIN PC will be introduced first, and then followed by a concept demonstration of utilizing the focusing feature to compress Lamb waves into a phononic plate waveguide. Results of the study showed that beam width of the lowest anti-symmetric Lamb wave in a silicon PC thin plate can be compressed efficiently and fitted into the tungsten/silicon PC plate waveguide over a wide range of frequency.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> M. I. Hussein	<b>Category:</b> Org. Colloquium
<b>Paper #:</b> 0182	<b>Time:</b> 12:00 am -12:25 pm
<b>Title:</b> Multiscale Dispersive Design: A Building Blocks Approach to Phononics	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>When infinite in extent, spatial periodicity constitutes a periodic "material". When truncated to finite dimensions, a periodic "structure" is formed. Between the two entities there is an abundance of opportunities for shaping a desired dynamical response. In this work we will re-visit the concept of Multiscale Dispersive Design and use it towards the exploration of new avenues in phononics.</i></p>	
<b>Lunch Break (Chamisa)</b>	<b>12:25 pm - 2:00 pm</b>
<b>Track 2: Phononic Metamaterials</b>	
<b>Session: 3 (Mesa Ballroom)</b>	<b>2:00 pm - 5:05 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair:</b> M. Spector	
<b>Author:</b> A. N. Norris	<b>Category:</b> Plenary Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0037	<b>Time:</b> 2:00 pm -2:30 pm
<b>Title:</b> Metal Water: A Metamaterial for Acoustic Cloaking	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>A generic metamaterial is described that is suitable for making acoustic cloaking devices. The fundamental property is that it mimics the acoustic properties of water, yet can be modified to display anisotropic elastic properties suitable for cloaking. It has the important property that the amount of void space is conserved: a "conservation of cloaked space".</i></p>	

<b>Author:</b> S. A. Cummer	<b>Category:</b> Plenary Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0068	<b>Time:</b> 2:30 pm -3:00 pm
<b>Title:</b> Phononic Metamaterials for Transformation Acoustics Applications	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>We review the detailed development and derivation of the concept of transformation acoustics and demonstrate several approaches for engineering materials with the acoustic properties needed to realize transformation acoustics devices.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> J. Christensen	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0144	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -3:25 pm
<b>Title:</b> Perforated acoustic metamaterials	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>In this presentation we focus on perforated plates, which is governing the study of enhanced acoustic transmission through subwavelength apertures and in addition supports metamaterial typical phenomena like perfect imaging, negative refraction such as full attenuation of sound . We will discuss both theoretical and experimental results related to these items.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> J. Li	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0132	<b>Time:</b> 3:25 pm -3:50 pm
<b>Title:</b> Transformation Acoustics Media with Periodically Layered Structures	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Periodically layered structures have been used to construct acoustic superlenses and hyperlenses as precursors for transformation acoustics. With the transformation approach, we can now investigate the bandwidth and relationship between an acoustic hyperlens and superlens and construct transformation media through bending periodically layered structure.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> G. Orris	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0135	<b>Time:</b> 3:50 pm -4:15 pm
<b>Title:</b> Impedance Matching for Aqueous Inertial Metafluid Devices	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Several interesting metafluid devices have been investigated for use at frequencies in the low tens of kilohertz, including gradient index lenses, directional antennas and tuneable scattering elements. For 3D or orthotropic devices whose operating frequencies are less than a few 10's of kHz additional and significant practical issues can arise for inertial metafluids: dynamic impedance matching, mass and volume.</i></p>	

<b>Author:</b> J. Sanchez-Dehesa	<b>Category:</b> Org. Colloquium
<b>Paper #:</b> 0140	<b>Time:</b> 4:15 Pm -4:40 Pm
<b>Title:</b> Applications of Metafluids based on Phononic Crystals	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Acoustic metamaterials or metafluids based on the homogenization of periodic distributions of sound scatterers (phononic crystals) are reviewed. It will be shown that periodically microstructured solids effectively behave like fluidlike materials with dynamical mass anisotropy. Also, it will be shown that the acoustic refractive index can be locally tailored in order to get molding of the sound waves. Applications of these types of metafluids as acoustic cloaks, gradient index refractive lenses, perfect absorbers and radial sonic crystal will be reported.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> A. Khelif	<b>Category:</b> Org. Colloquium
<b>Paper #:</b> 0139	<b>Time:</b> 4:40 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Locally resonant structures for low frequency surface acoustic band gaps	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>We present in this paper a theoretically and experimentally study of the propagation of surface acoustic waves in a two-dimensional array of cylindrical pillars on the surface of a semi-infinite substrate. Low-frequency, markedly lower than those expected from the Bragg mechanism, band gaps were demonstrated.</i></p>	
<b>Coffee Break (Promenade)</b>	<b>5:05 pm - 5:30 pm</b>
<b>Parallel Sessions</b>	
<b>Track 1: Phononic Crystals</b>	
<b>Session: 4 (Mesa Ballroom A)</b>	<b>5:30 pm - 7:10 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair: M. Sigalas</b>	
<b>Author:</b> O. Wright	<b>Category:</b> Invited Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0084	<b>Time:</b> 5:30 pm -5:50 pm
<b>Title:</b> Dynamic Imaging of Gigahertz Phonons on Phononic Crystal Slabs	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Surface phonon propagation on microscopic phononic crystal slabs of Si is dynamically imaged in two dimensions at frequencies up to 1 GHz by an ultrafast optical technique. The acoustic dispersion relations obtained by spatial and temporal Fourier transforms reveal stop bands and the eigenmode patterns. Phonon guiding and confinement in phononic crystal waveguides and cavities are also presented.</i></p>	

<b>Author:</b> G. A. Gazonas	<b>Category:</b> Invited Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0149	<b>Time:</b> 5:50 pm -6:10 pm
<b>Title:</b> Resonance in m-layered Goupillaud-type Elastic Media	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>Explicit analytical and recursive stress solutions and corresponding natural frequencies are derived for an m-layered Goupillaud-type elastic medium from a coupled firstorder system of difference equations using z-transform methods. The exact solutions can serve to verify computational methods for modeling wave propagation phenomena such as resonance and bandgap formation in periodic media.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> Y. Achaoui	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0116	<b>Time:</b> 6:10 pm -6:25 pm
<b>Title:</b> Locally resonant and Bragg band gaps for surface acoustic waves	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>We investigate the propagation of surface acoustic waves in a square lattice phononic crystal of cylindrical pillars on an anisotropic substrate. It is shown that the propagation of surface acoustic phonons is prohibited in two distinct frequency ranges. We identify two mechanisms responsible for band gaps, i.e. local resonances and Bragg diffraction, and point out the difference between them.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> P. H. Otsuka	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0085	<b>Time:</b> 6:25 pm -6:40 pm
<b>Title:</b> Observation and Simulation of Surface Acoustic Waves in Phononic Crystals	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>We present an analysis of surface acoustic waves propagating in a microscopic phononic crystal waveguide consisting of a silicon crystal containing a square array of holes. Experiments are performed using an ultrafast optical method and the results are compared with an FEM simulation.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> N. -K. Kuo	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0106	<b>Time:</b> 6:40 pm -6:55 pm
<b>Title:</b> Demonstration of Ultra High Frequency Fractal Air/Aluminum Phononic Crystals	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>This work presents, for the first time, the design and the experimental demonstration of an air/aluminum nitride (AlN) phononic band gap (PBG) structure patterned in a fractal fashion which exhibits two frequency stop bands for symmetric lamb waves respectively at 900 MHz (bandwidth of 11%) and 1.075 GHz (bandwidth of 13.5%) with a maximum acoustic attenuation of 45 dB.</i>	

<b>Author:</b> R. Lucklum	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0065	<b>Time:</b> 6:55 pm -7:10 pm
<b>Title:</b> Liquid Sensor Utilizing Phononic Crystals	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> A phononic crystal device is investigated as a sensor platform combining bandgap engineering with resonant transmission. We compare several approaches: a one-dimensional arrangement with a thin liquid analyte layer, two-dimensional phononic crystals with and without symmetry reduction and incidence directions normal and perpendicular to the plate.</p>	
<b>Track 2: Phononic Metamaterials</b>	
<b>Session: 5 (Mesa Ballroom C)</b>	<b>5:30 pm - 7:10 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair:</b> J. Sanchez-Dehesa	
<b>Author:</b> A. Krokhin	<b>Category:</b> Invited Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0021	<b>Time:</b> 5:30 pm -5:50 pm
<b>Title:</b> Narrow Fluid Channel as a Metamaterial Sound Absorber	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> Abnormally high level of absorption has been observed for sound waves propagating through a narrow water channel clad between two metal plates. Absorption is due to resonant excitation of Rayleigh waves on the both metal surfaces. These waves may either produce strong turbulent motion in a viscous fluid or radiate its energy into the metal, giving rise to deep minima in the transmission spectrum.</p>	
<b>Author:</b> D. Torrent	<b>Category:</b> Invited Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0026	<b>Time:</b> 5:50 pm -6:10 pm
<b>Title:</b> Fabrication and Experimental Characterization of Anisotropic Fluid-Like Materials	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> We report a method to obtain acoustic metamaterials or metafluids with cylindrically anisotropic mass density. The method uses a periodically corrugated structure embedded in a two dimensional waveguide. This structure represents a periodic multilayered fluid-fluid composite that, in the low frequency limit, behaves as a fluid-like metamaterial with mass anisotropy. Also, an experimental method to characterize these structures is presented, showing that the resonances in these closed structures can be used to derive the acoustic parameters of these metafluids.</p>	

<b>Author:</b> A. Spadoni	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0091	<b>Time:</b> 6:10 pm -6:25 pm
<b>Title:</b> Phononic Transport in Structural Networks with Internal Resonances and Dissipation	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>The transport of mechanical energy can be controlled with phononic crystals and acoustic meta-materials. The latter can be designed to control wave fields with wavelengths much larger than the meta-material's inner structure. This presentation proposes the employment of structural lattices and dissipation to improve the performance of meta-materials.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> R. Pourabolghasem	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0150	<b>Time:</b> 6:25 pm -6:40 pm
<b>Title:</b> Phononic Band Structure of a Silicon Plate with Periodic Array of Cylindrical Metallic Pillars	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>We investigate theoretically the phononic band structure in a 2D array of cylindrical pillars on the surface of a slab. Simulations are based on the finite element method (FEM) using tungsten pillars on silicon as the structure of interest. We show that the phononic structure supports band gaps and study the behavior of band structure with respect to lattice symmetry and geometrical parameters.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> B. Assouar	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0063	<b>Time:</b> 6:40 pm -6:55 pm
<b>Title:</b> Elastic Waves Propagation in a Locally Resonant Phononic Stubbled Plates	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>We report in this study on the phonon transport in a locally resonant (LR) phononic stubbed plate. First, we will discuss the opening of LR band gap (BG) as function as the nature of the stubs and geometrical parameters to figure out the evolution of the BG. Second, we will discuss the waveguiding in such structures based on the calculation of the band structures and the transmission coefficient.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> Y. Wang	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0115	<b>Time:</b> 6:55 pm -7:10 pm
<b>Title:</b> A wide band underwater strong acoustic absorbing material	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>To meet the demand of underwater acoustic absorbing material for wide band strong acoustic absorption, we introduced network structure into locally resonant phononic crystal and fabricated a new kind of metal-polymer composites. Experimental and theoretical results showed that excellent underwater acoustic absorption capability and strong mechanical strength could be obtained simultaneously.</i>	
<b>Adjourn</b> <b>7:10 PM</b>	

Tuesday: May 30

Detailed Program Information

<b>Registration (Promenade)</b>	<b>7:30 am - 12:00 pm</b>
<b>Announcements (Mesa BR)</b>	<b>8:15 am - 8:30 am</b>
<b>Track 3: Periodic Structures</b>	
<b>Session: 6 (Mesa Ballroom)</b>	<b>8:30 am - 10:20 pm</b>
Session Chair: A. Norris	
<b>Author:</b> P. Deymier	<b>Category:</b> Plenary Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0073	<b>Time:</b> 8:30 am -9:00 am
<b>Title:</b> Phononic crystals with complete phase space properties	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>We review and demonstrate properties of phononic crystals over their complete phase space, namely, spectral (<math>\omega</math>-space), wave vector (<math>k</math>-space) and phase (<math>\varphi</math>-space) properties. The later two properties are applied to acoustic imaging with a phononic crystal flat lens and to inter-ference-driven acoustic Boolean logic.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> G.M. Hulbert	<b>Category:</b> Plenary Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0137	<b>Time:</b> 9:00 am -9:30 am
<b>Title:</b> Structurally-Inspired Phononic Metamaterials	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>The distinction between materials and structures has blurred. The development of phononic metamaterials based upon novel structural systems is considered in this work. In particular, a Negative-Poisson Ratio (NPR) structure is used as the foundation for developing phononic metamaterials comprising a 'structural' framework of stiff material and a more compliant material that can dissipate energy.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> J. S. Jensen	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0055	<b>Time:</b> 9:30 am -9:55 am
<b>Title:</b> Optimal Design of Nonlinear Wave Devices	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>The method of topology optimization is applied to wave propagation problems with nonlinearities. In the general case the iterative design procedure should be based on transient simulation of the wave propagation, but in the special case of non-instantaneous nonlinearities a steady-state optimization formulation can be applied. The latter case is exemplified by the design of a 1D optical diode.</i></p>	

<b>Author:</b> J. Wen	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0117	<b>Time:</b> 9:55 am -10:20 am
<b>Title:</b> Phononic Crystals with Applications to Sound and Vibration Control	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> A two dimensional binary locally resonant phononic crystal (PCs) has been fabricated and thoroughly analyzed. A lumped-mass method has been proposed as an efficient tool to calculate the band structure of PCs. The concept of PCs is introduced into the design of beam and plate structures, and the acoustic materials to improve their vibration and sound performance.</p>	
<b>Coffee Break (Promenade)</b>	<b>10:20 am - 10:45 am</b>
<b>Track 3: Periodic Structures</b>	
<b>Session: 7 (Mesa Ballroom)</b>	<b>10:45 am - 12:25 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair:</b> G. Hulbert	
<b>Author:</b> M.J. Leamy	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0071	<b>Time:</b> 10:45 am -11:10 am
<b>Title:</b> New Directions in the Analysis of Nano-Scale Phononic and Nonlinear Metamaterial Systems	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> This talk will focus on two directions being pursued by the author and his coworkers in the areas of (i) multi-scale modeling of phonon spectra and dispersion in reduced dimensional nano-scale systems (e.g., carbon nanotubes), and (ii) analysis of phononic wave propagation in nonlinear metamaterials using asymptotic techniques.</p>	
<b>Author:</b> A. S. Phani	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0107	<b>Time:</b> 10:10 am -11:35 am
<b>Title:</b> Lattice Materials: A Unified Structural Mechanics Perspective	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> Lattice materials with a periodic microstructure are suitable for multifunctional structures with high specific stiffness, favourable acoustic and thermal properties. Their mechanical response under static and dynamic loads is considered from a unified structural mechanics perspective combining Bloch wave theory with Finite Element Method.</p>	

<b>Author:</b> V. Romero-Garcia	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0101	<b>Time:</b> 11:35 am -12:00 pm
<b>Title:</b> Theoretical and Experimental Evidence of Evanescent Modes in Finite Sonic Crystals	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Evanescent modes in complete sonic crystals (SC) and SC with point defects are both theoretically and experimentally reported in this paper. Finite element method and an extension of the plane wave expansion with supercell approximation to solve the inverse problem <math>k(\omega)</math> is used to predict the evanescent modes. Experimental data and numerical results are in good agreement with the predictions.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> C. Daraio	<b>Category:</b> Org. Colloquium
<b>Paper #:</b> 0155	<b>Time:</b> 12:00 am -12:25 pm
<b>Title:</b> From Newton's Cradle to New Acoustic Crystals	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>The bouncing beads of Newton's cradle fascinate children and executives alike, but their symmetric dance hides a complex dynamic behavior. By assembling grains in crystals we are developing new materials and devices with unique properties. We have constructed twodimensional systems that can redirect mechanical waves, and have developed new materials for absorbing vibrations and explosive blasts.</i></p>	

<b>Lunch Break (Chamisa)</b>	<b>12:25 pm - 2:00 pm</b>
<b>Track 4: Phonon Transport</b>	
<b>Session: 8 (Mesa Ballroom)</b>	<b>2:00 pm - 5:05 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair: P. Deymier</b>	
<b>Author:</b> Baowen Li	<b>Category:</b> Plenary Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0042	<b>Time:</b> 2:00 pm -2:30 pm
<b>Title:</b> Phononics: a new science and technology in processing information and controlling heat flow by phonons	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> Heat due to lattice vibration is usually regarded as harmful for information processing. However, studies in recent years have changed this mindset. I will demonstrate via numerical simulation, theoretical analysis and experiments that, phonons, can be manipulated like electrons. They can be used to carry and process information. Basic phononic devices such as thermal diode, thermal transistor, thermal logic gate and thermal memory can be worked via nonlinear lattice and/or low dimensional nanostructures such as nanowire, nanotube, graphen nanoribbon etc. .</p>	
<b>Author:</b> A. Balandin	<b>Category:</b> Plenary Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0133	<b>Time:</b> 2:30 pm -3:00 pm
<b>Title:</b> Nanoscale Phonon Engineering: From Quantum Dots and Nanowires to Graphene and Topological Insulators	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> I describe the nanoscale phonon engineering concept and its possible applications. Nanostructures offer new ways for controlling phonon transport via tuning phonon dispersion. Engineering the phonon spectrum can become as powerful a technique as the electron bandgap engineering, which revolutionized electronics. I outline recent examples of phonon engineering in quantum dot superlattices, nanowires, graphene ribbons and topological insulators. Particular attention is given to the phonon thermal transport in graphene and graphene's applications in thermal management.</p>	
<b>Author:</b> A. J. H. McGaughey	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0047	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -3:25 pm
<b>Title:</b> Predicting Phonon Properties Using the Spectral Energy Density	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> The spectral energy density technique for predicting phonon dispersion relations and relaxation times is presented. This technique, which uses atomic velocities obtained from a molecular dynamics simulation, incorporates the full anharmonicity of the atomic interactions. Results for a Lennard-Jones face centered cubic crystal are provided.</p>	

<b>Author:</b> K. P. Pipe	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0108	<b>Time:</b> 3:25 pm -3:50 pm
<b>Title:</b> Effect of Interface Roughness on Phonon Transport in Superlattices	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>We present a boundary perturbation method to analyze phonon reflection, transmission, and mode conversion at a rough interface, and extend these calculations using a transfer matrix approach to examine the effects of interface roughness on phonon transport in multilayer thin films.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> P. E. Hopkins	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0080	<b>Time:</b> 3:50 pm -4:15 pm
<b>Title:</b> Phonon scattering at structurally variant boundaries	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Phonon scattering at boundaries drives the thermal transport in nanosystems. In this work, I will discuss various projects in which solid boundaries and interfaces are used to reduce the thermal conductance in nanosystems. These studies include cross plane thermal conductivity in periodic, porous silicon films and thermal boundary conductance across ran-dom and quantum dot roughened Si interfaces.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> I. Maasilta	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 051	<b>Time:</b> 4:15 Pm -4:40 Pm
<b>Title:</b> Phononic Thermal Transport in Thin Nanoscale Membranes	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>We have studied experimentally the thermal conductance of thin free-standing sili-con nitride membranes at sub-Kelvin temperatures as a function of membrane thickness be-tween 40 nm and 750 nm, using normal metal-insulator-superconductor (NIS) thermometry. Effects of dimensionality cross-over from 3D to 2D phonons are seen, however not all obser-vations follow the simplest theory.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> I. El-Kady	<b>Category:</b> Org. Colloquium
<b>Paper #:</b> 0183	<b>Time:</b> 4:40 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Thermal Conductivity Reduction in Phononic Crystals: Interplay of Coherent versus Incoherent Scattering	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>In this talk we pose the question: Can the coherent scattering events brought by the periodicity of the Phononic Crystal (PnC) lattice affect the high frequency THz phonons that dominate heat transfer process? In other words, can PnC patterning be used to manipulate the thermal conductivity of a material? We report both theoretically and experimentally on the role of coherent versus incoherent scattering of phonons by a 2D PnC structure and the efficacy of each process in both the cross plane and in plane directions of the PnC lattice.</i></p>	
<b>Coffee Break (Promenade)</b>	<b>5:05 pm - 5:30 pm</b>

Parallel Sessions	
<b>Track 3: Periodic Structures</b>	
<b>Session: 9 (Mesa Ballroom A)</b>	<b>5:30 pm - 7:10 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair: C. Daraio</b>	
<b>Author: M. M. Neves</b>	<b>Category: Invited Oral</b>
<b>Paper #: 0121</b>	<b>Time: 5:30 pm -5:50 pm</b>
<b>Title:</b> Using classical FEM to predict the dynamical response of periodic devices in acoustic and vibration applications	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>The task of predicting the dynamical response and tailoring wave propagation filters for practical frequency ranges is here presented. Finite element steady-state analysis is performed on periodic devices of finite length considering periodic distribution of materials, addition of masses to a tube and periodic curvatures. Validation obtained with prototypes, one for attenuation of axial vibration and other for sound propagation, is also mentioned.</i></p>	
<b>Author: O. Umnova</b>	<b>Category: Invited Oral</b>
<b>Paper #: 0076</b>	<b>Time: 5:50 pm -6:10 pm</b>
<b>Title:</b> An Effective Medium Model for Sonic Crystals with Composite Resonant Elements	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Using a self-consistent method, analytical expressions are derived for the parameters of an effective medium of composite scattering elements in air. The scatterers consist of concentrically arranged thin elastic shells and 4-slit cylinders. Predictions and data confirm that the use of coupled resonators results in a substantial insertion loss peak related to the modified resonance of the shell.</i></p>	

<b>Author:</b> N. Swinteck	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0069	<b>Time:</b> 6:10 pm -6:25 pm
<b>Title:</b> Phase-controlling properties in phononic crystals	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>We deliver a complete phase-space analysis of two well-studied PC systems to reveal the mechanisms behind phase-manipulation of propagating elastic waves in these composite structures. A triangular-array of steel cylinders embedded in a host matrix of methanol and a square-array of Polyvinylchloride cylinders embedded in a host matrix of air show band structures and equi-frequency contours (EFCs) with very different features, yet phase-control is possible in both systems. We find that phase-control depends on (1) whether or not the wave and group velocity vectors in the PC are collinear and (2) whether or not the excited Bloch waves in the PC have the same phase velocity. The results gathered in this study can be used to draw general conclusions about the reality of phase-control in many other types</i>	
<b>Author:</b> V. Tournat	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0009	<b>Time:</b> 6:25 pm -6:40 pm
<b>Title:</b> Elastic waves in a three-dimensional hexagonal close-packed granular crystal: observation of rotational modes and nonlinear effects	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>Noncohesive granular phononic crystals show peculiar features related to the elastic nonlinearities at the contacts and the rotational degrees of freedom of the grains. Evidence of rotational mode propagation and non reciprocity for nonlinear acoustic effects is found in a hexagonal close-packed crystal layer with a gravityinduced elasticity gradient.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> H. Estrada	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0041	<b>Time:</b> 6:40 pm -6:55 pm
<b>Title:</b> The Role of Array Symmetry in the Transmission of Ultrasound through Periodically Perforated Plates	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>We present angle-resolved experimental results on the role of array symmetry in the transmission features of periodically perforated plates. A very rich interplay between Fabry-Perot single-hole resonances, coherent scattering and plate vibration is found. By comparing several spatial hole arrangements, the effects of the geometry are disentangled from the contribution of plate vibrations.B.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> M. Zubtsov	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0057	<b>Time:</b> 6:55 pm -7:10 pm
<b>Title:</b> EFIT Simulation of Ultrasonic Wave Propagation in Complex Microfluidic Structures	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>The Elastodynamic Finite Integration Technique (EFIT) is used to simulate ultrasonic wave propagation in complex microfluidic structures comprising fluidic channels, phononic crystal structures and piezoelectric transducers. An EFIT computational math is combined with MATLAB coding. The viability of the approach is demonstrated.</i>	

Track 4: Phonon Transport	
Session: 10 (Mesa Ballroom C)	5:30 pm - 7:10 pm
Session Chair: B. Li	
Author: M. Maldovan	Category: Invited Oral
Paper #: 0156	Time: 5:30 pm -5:50 pm
<p><b>Title:</b> Understanding and Controlling High-Frequency Phonon Thermal Energy Transport in Nanostructures</p> <p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>We present a novel theoretical approach based on the kinetic theory of transport processes to understand and accurately describe the transport of high-frequency phonon thermal energy in nanostructures over a broad range of temperatures and across multiple length scales, i.e. from nano to micro. Good agreement with experiments is obtained.</i></p>	
Author: H. Elsayed-Ali	Category: Invited Oral
Paper #: 0078	Time: 5:50 pm -6:10 pm
<p><b>Title:</b> Coherent phonons in polycrystalline bismuth film monitored by ultrafast electron diffraction</p> <p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>The generation of coherent phonons in polycrystalline bismuth film is observed by ultrafast time-resolved electron diffraction. The dynamics of the diffracted intensities from the (110), (202), and (024) lattice planes show pronounced oscillations at 130-150 GHz. The anisotropy in the energy transfer rate of coherent optical phonons is discussed.</i></p>	

<b>Author:</b> K. Muralidharan	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0104	<b>Time:</b> 6:10 pm -6:25 pm
<b>Title:</b> Nanostructured two-dimensional phononic materials	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Phononic properties of nanostructured two-dimensional materials such as graphene and boron nitride (BN) sheets are calculated using the method of molecular dynamics. Nanophononic crystals composed of periodic array of holes in graphene exhibit Bragg scattering at non-cryogenic temperatures leading to reduction in thermal conductivity. The transport of phonons across non-periodic arrays of asymmetric holes in BN sheets is discussed in the context of scattering and non-linear effects that may lead to thermal rectification.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> B. L. Davis	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0174	<b>Time:</b> 6:25 pm -6:40 pm
<b>Title:</b> Reduction of Thermal Conductivity in Silicon Slabs by Unit Cell Nanostructuring	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Just like unit cell structuring has seen much interest in phononic crystals for the control of sound and vibration, the same can be done at the nanoscale for the control of thermal properties. Here we present ideas for unit cell nanostructuring within thin silicon slabs for the purpose of reducing the thermal conductivity.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> E. Chavez	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0111	<b>Time:</b> 6:40 pm -6:55 pm
<b>Title:</b> Acoustic phonon relaxation rates in nanometer-scale membranes	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>The elastic continuum model is applied to analyse the acoustic phonon modes for single and threelayer membranes. The dispersion relations are computed using a numerical approach and are compared with experimental and theoretical results. These values are used to compute the rate of relaxation, considering a three-phonon Umklapp process.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> M. C. George	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0081	<b>Time:</b> 6:55 pm -7:10 pm
<b>Title:</b> Thermal conductance behavior of self-assembled lamellar block copolymer thin films	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>We measure the thermal conductance of both disordered and self-assembled lamellar polystyrene-block-poly(methyl methacrylate) copolymer films and compare the results to literature reports on thin homopolymer films and polymer brushes. We see a 150% increase in thermal conductivity for a single self-assembled PS-b-PMMA layer.</i></p>	
<b>Adjourn</b>	
<b>7:10 PM</b>	

Wednesday: June 1

Detailed Program Information

<b>Registration (Promenade)</b>	<b>7:30 am - 12:00 pm</b>
<b>Announcements (Mesa BR)</b>	<b>8:15 am - 8:30 am</b>
<b>Track 5: Optomechanics</b>	
<b>Session: 11 (Mesa Ballroom)</b>	<b>8:30 am - 10:20 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair: S. Cummer</b>	
<b>Author: O. Painter</b>	<b>Category: Plenary Talk</b>
<b>Paper #: 0180</b>	<b>Time: 8:30 am -9:00 am</b>
<b>Title: Optomechanical Crystals</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Rapid advances have been made in the field of cavity optomechanics, in which the usually feeble radiation pressure force of light is used to manipulate (and precisely monitor) mechanical motion. These advances have moved the field from the multi-km interferometer of a gravitational wave observatory, to the optical table top, and now all the way down to a silicon microchip. In this talk I will describe these advances, and discuss our own work to realize radiation pressure within nanoscale structures in the form of photonic-phononic crystals (optomechanical crystals).</i></p>	
<b>Author: H. Tang</b>	<b>Category: Plenary Talk</b>
<b>Paper #: 0138</b>	<b>Time: 9:00 am -9:30 am</b>
<b>Title: Integrated Transduction and Active Manipulation Methods for Nanoelectromechanical Systems</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>This talk will discuss integrated NEMS transduction schemes that have been developed by my research group. Methods for achieving active control and manipulation of nano-mechanical motion will be also presented.</i></p>	
<b>Author: T. Carmon</b>	<b>Category: Keynote Talk</b>
<b>Paper #: 0181</b>	<b>Time: 9:30 am -9:55 am</b>
<b>Title: Mechanical Whispering-Gallery Modes</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>We experimentally excite mechanical Whispering-Gallery resonances that are vibrating from 50 MHz to 12 GHz rates.</i></p>	

<b>Author:</b> T. Kippenberg	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0178	<b>Time:</b> 9:55 am -10:20 am
<b>Title:</b> Cooling of a Micromechanical Oscillator into the Quantum Regime	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>Using optical sideband cooling, a micromechanical oscillator is cooled to a phonon occupancy below 10 phonons, corresponding to a probability of finding it in its quantum ground state more than 10% of the time.</i>	
<b>Coffee Break (Promenade)</b>	<b>10:20 am - 10:45 am</b>
<b>Track 5: Optomechanics</b>	
<b>Session: 12 (Mesa Ballroom)</b>	<b>10:45 am - 12:25 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair:</b> O. Painter	
<b>Author:</b> S. Benchebane	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0086	<b>Time:</b> 10:45 am -11:10 am
<b>Title:</b> Phoxonic Crystals: a Review	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>Periodically structured materials exhibiting simultaneous photonic and phononic band gaps offer unprecedented ways to tailor photon-phonon interactions. A review of the works reported on these materials, sometimes termed "phoxonic crystals", is presented before highlighting theoretical and experimental results demonstrating phoxonic band gaps in structures relying on guided elastic waves.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> G. D. Cole	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0157	<b>Time:</b> 10:10 am -11:35 am
<b>Title:</b> Cavity Quantum Optomechanics	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>The overarching research objective of cavity quantum optomechanics is to investigate quantum effects of micro- and nanoscale systems and their implications for the foundations and applications of quantum physics. Our ultimate goal is to gain access to a completely new parameter regime for experimental physics with respect to both size and complexit.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> P. Rakich	<b>Category:</b> Org. Colloquium
<b>Paper #:</b> 0128	<b>Time:</b> 11:35 am -12:00 pm
<b>Title:</b> Fundamental Limits of Transduction Efficiency and Bandwidth in Nano-Optomechanics	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>Through systematic examination of material and topological degrees of freedom in nano-optomechanical systems, we identify the fundamental barriers and opportunities for the creation of large photon-phonon coupling.</i>	

<b>Author:</b> R. Camacho	<b>Category:</b> Org. Colloquium
<b>Paper #:</b> 0130	<b>Time:</b> 12:00 pm -12:25 pm
<b>Title:</b> Mechanical Transduction in Periodic Media	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>The possibility of increasing mechanical transduction efficiencies via periodic patterning of the material density is investigated. A 2D simulation suggesting low mechanical impedance over a relatively large bandwidths is presented.</i>	
<b>Lunch Break (Chamisa)</b>	<b>12:25 pm - 2:00 pm</b>
<b>Parallel Sessions</b>	
<b>Track 5: Optomechanics</b>	
<b>Session:</b> 13 (Mesa Ballroom A)	<b>2:00 pm - 3:00 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair:</b> P. Rakich	
<b>Author:</b> C. W. Wong	<b>Category:</b> Invited Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0146	<b>Time:</b> 2:00 pm -2:20 pm
<b>Title:</b> Strong Optomechanical Coupling in Slot-type Photonic Crystal Cavities	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>Strong dispersive optomechanical coupling of an air-slot mode-gap photonic crystal cavity is demonstrated. The zero-point motion coupling rate can be as high as 2.56MHz. Optical and 10s of MHz mechanical frequency spectra are shown experimentally, supported by theory and numerical models.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> M. S. Kang	<b>Category:</b> Invited Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0093	<b>Time:</b> 2:20 pm -2:40 pm
<b>Title:</b> Forward Stimulated Light Scattering by Acoustic Resonances in Photonic Crystal Fiber	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>Forward stimulated light scattering by transverse acoustic resonances tightly trapped in a photonic crystal fiber core is a recently reported nonlinear-optical optoacoustic phenomenon. The principles and characteristics of the scattering are described. Some potential applications are also discussed</i>	
<b>Author:</b> C. M. Reinke	<b>Category:</b> Invited Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0170	<b>Time:</b> 2:40 pm -3:00 pm
<b>Title:</b> Analysis of Optomechanical Forces in Nano-Photonic Waveguides	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>We present a theoretical analysis of optomechanical forces in nano-scale photonic waveguides. In particular, we show that significant forces due to radiation pressure can be generated in dielectric slab and photonic crystal waveguides having sub-micron dimensions. We also investigate how such forces can be optimized for optomechanical transduction.</i>	

Track 6&7: Fabrication Characterization & Applications	
<b>Session: 14 (Mesa Ballroom C)</b>	<b>2:00 pm - 3:00 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair: G. R. Bogart</b>	
<b>Author: B. Kim</b>	<b>Category: Invited Oral</b>
<b>Paper #: 0113</b>	<b>Time: 2:00 pm -2:20 pm</b>
<b>Title: Thermal Conductivity Reduction in Lithographically Patterned Single Crystal Silicon Phononic Crystal Structures</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>In-plane thermal conductivity of lithography-based phononic crystals has been investigated. Sub-micron holes were lithographically patterned in a 500nm-thick single crystal silicon thin-film and the thermal conductivity was measured as low as 30 W/mK (at and slightly above room temperature, 20~80°C), which is a 50% reduction even after accounting for the effect of volume reduction of the holes.</i></p>	
<b>Author: M. Ziaei-Moayyed</b>	<b>Category: Invited Oral</b>
<b>Paper #: 0126</b>	<b>Time: 2:20 pm -2:40 pm</b>
<b>Title: Silicon Carbide Phononic Crystals for Communication, Sensing, and Energy Management</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>We demonstrate design, fabrication, and characterization of silicon carbide phononic crystals used to confine energy in lateral overtone cavities in 2-3GHz range with high f.Q products in air. The SiC cavities are fabricated in a CMOS-compatible process with applications in communication systems, sensing, and thermal energy management</i></p>	
<b>Author: M. Su</b>	<b>Category: Invited Oral</b>
<b>Paper #: 0169</b>	<b>Time: 2:40 pm -3:00 pm</b>
<b>Title: Designing High-Q Compact Phononic Crystal Resonators</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Phononic crystals provide a promising method of producing resonators with very high quality factors up to the theoretical limit possible in the host material. In this study we consider Silicon based solid-solid phononic crystal resonator designs with different lattices (simple cubic, hexagonal/triangular and honeycomb), number of inclusions and cavity shapes.</i></p>	

Poster Session (Chapel)		3:00 pm - 5:05 pm
Session Chair: I. El-Kady & M. I. Hussein		
Author: S. Alaie	Category: Poster 1	
Paper #: 165	Time: 3:00 pm -5:05 pm	
Title: Device Level Harmonic Finite Element Analysis of Phononic Crystals Operating at GHz Frequencies		
Author: G. Bastian	Category: Poster 2	
Paper #: 0185	Time: 3:00 pm -5:05 pm	
Title: Isotopically Enriched Semiconductor Superlattices for Thermoelectric Applications		
Author: O. R. Bilal	Category: Poster 3	
Paper #: 0173	Time: 3:00 pm -5:05 pm	
Title: Phononic Band Gap Optimization for Combined In-Plane and Out-of-Plane Waves		
Author: S. Bringuier	Category: Poster 4	
Paper #: 0163	Time: 3:00 pm -5:05 pm	
Title: Acoustic Logic Gates Implemented using a Phase Controlling Phononic Crystal		
Author: C.-T. Bui	Category: Poster 5	
Paper #: 0050	Time: 3:00 pm -5:05 pm	
Title: Temperature and Size Dependence of Thermal Conductivity in Single Crystal ZnO Nanowires		
Author: A.L. Chen	Category: Poster 6	
Paper #: 0082	Time: 3:00 pm -5:05 pm	
Title: Propagation of the Elastic Wave in One-dimensional Randomly Disordered Solid-liquid Phononic Crystals		
Author: W.S. Chang	Category: Poster 7	
Paper #: 0038	Time: 3:00 pm -5:05 pm	
Title: Nanoscale Tip Fabrication for Plasmon Induced Field- Enhancement		
Author: M. Frazier	Category: Poster 8	
Paper #: 172	Time: 3:00 pm -5:05 pm	
Title: Dissipative Effects in Acoustic Metamaterials		
Author: D.F. Goettler	Category: Poster 9	
Paper #: 164	Time: 3:00 pm -5:05 pm	
Title: nanoFIBrication of Phononic Crystals in Freestanding Membranes		
Author: M.V. Golub	Category: Poster 10	
Paper #: 0018	Time: 3:00 pm -5:05 pm	
Title: 2D Wave Propagation in Periodically Layered Composite Structures with Damages		
Author: Q. Guo	Category: Poster 11	
Paper #: 0176	Time: 3:00 pm -5:05 pm	
Title: Convergence of the Reduced Bloch Mode Expansion Method for Electronic Band Structure Calculations		
Author: T.J. Isotalo	Category: Poster 12	
Paper #: 0088	Time: 3:00 pm -5:05 pm	
Title: Low-Temperature Thermal Conductance of Periodically Perforated Silicon Nitride Membranes		

<b>Author:</b> H. Ketata	<b>Category:</b> Poster 13
<b>Paper #:</b> 0099	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Influence of Filling Fraction and Constituent Materials on Acoustic Waves in Phononic Lattice	
<b>Author:</b> Kevin L. Manktelow	<b>Category:</b> Poster 14
<b>Paper #:</b> 166	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Intensity-Dependent Dispersion in Nonlinear Phononic and Photonic Layered Systems	
<b>Author:</b> Y. Pennec	<b>Category:</b> Poster 15
<b>Paper #:</b> 0090	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Band-gap operating in the gigahertz frequencies for a bi-layer phononic crystal slab	
<b>Author:</b> O. Poncelet	<b>Category:</b> Poster 16
<b>Paper #:</b> 123	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Dynamical effective properties of elastic multilayers	
<b>Author:</b> V. Romero-Garcia	<b>Category:</b> Poster 17
<b>Paper #:</b> 0102	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Interaction between Periodic Arrays and Finite Impedance Surface: Analytical Results and Experimental Data	
<b>Author:</b> V. Romero-Garcia	<b>Category:</b> Poster 18
<b>Paper #:</b> 0058	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Acoustic Beams in Finite Sonic Crystals	
<b>Author:</b> Matteo Senesi	<b>Category:</b> Poster 19
<b>Paper #:</b> 0184	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Multi-field Internally Resonating Metamaterials	
<b>Author:</b> A. Tomchek	<b>Category:</b> Poster 20
<b>Paper #:</b> 177	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Characterization of Band Gap Resonances in Finite Periodic Structures	

<b>Author:</b> V. Tournat	<b>Category:</b> Poster 21
<b>Paper #:</b> 0011	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Out-of-plane acoustic modes in monolayer phononic granular membranes	
<b>Author:</b> Y.-S. Wang	<b>Category:</b> Poster 22
<b>Paper #:</b> 0060	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Surface/Interface Effects on Band Structures of Nanosized Phononic Crystals	
<b>Author:</b> A. Young	<b>Category:</b> Poster 23
<b>Paper #:</b> 0167	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Strain Based Tuning of Ring Resonators Via Hydrostatic Pressure Actuation of Membranes	
<b>Author:</b> X.-Z. Zhou	<b>Category:</b> Poster 24
<b>Paper #:</b> 0040	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Band Gap Calculation for 2D Solid-Fluid Phononic Crystals by the Method Based on Dirichlet-to-Neumann Map	
<b>Author:</b> G. Zhu	<b>Category:</b> Poster 25
<b>Paper #:</b> 0044	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -5:05 pm
<b>Title:</b> Phonons on Complex Networks	
<b>Coffee Break (Promenade)</b>	<b>5:05 pm - 5:25 pm</b>
<b>Felix Bloch Lecture (Mesa Ballroom)</b>	<b>5:30 pm - 6:30 pm</b>
<b>Free Time</b>	<b>6:30 pm - 7:00 pm</b>
<b>Banquet (Ortiz Ballroom) &amp; Phononics 2013 Announcement</b>	<b>7:00 pm - 10:00 pm</b>

Thursday: June 2

Detailed Program Information

<b>Registration (Chamisa)</b>	<b>7:30 am - 12:00 pm</b>
<b>Announcements (Mesa BR)</b>	<b>8:15 am - 8:30 am</b>
<b>Track 6: Fabrication and Characterization for Phononics</b>	
<b>Session: 14 ( Ortez Ballroom)</b>	<b>8:30 am - 10:15 am</b>
Session Chair: F. McCormick	
<b>Author:</b> G. Bogart	<b>Category:</b> Plenary Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0075	<b>Time:</b> 8:30 am -9:00 am
<b>Title:</b> Larger Scale Fabrication of Nanometer to Micron Sized Periodic Structures in 2D and 3D: Approaches and Trends	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Fabrication of periodic structures for photonic or phononic wavelength interaction and manipulation at the small scale (&lt;100um x 100 um) in planar dimensions using a variety of materials and techniques has been documented in the literature. Often structures are conceived and built with only a single device needing to be made. Some applications require that structures be fabricated in three dimensions or with multiple layers placing additional constraints on the fabricator.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> G. Piazza	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0105	<b>Time:</b> 9:00 am -9:25 am
<b>Title:</b> Microfabricated GHz Phononic Band Gap Structures	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>This paper reports the latest development on the synthesis of phononic band gaps (PBG) in AlN/Air and SiC/Air structures operating in the GHz range by means of inverted cylindrical geometries or fractal-based designs. Finite element methods used to design and confirm the PBG dispersion curve and amplitude-frequency response are also presented.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> D. Schneider	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0131	<b>Time:</b> 9:25 am -9:50 am
<b>Title:</b> High Frequency Soft Phononics	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Propagation of hypersonic elastic/acoustic waves in polymer- and colloid-based nanostructures emerges as a powerful characterization tool of thermo- mechanical properties and reveals new structure related collective phenomena .Particle vibration spectroscopy and engineering of the phonon dispersion band diagram are highlighted in this presentation.</i></p>	

<b>Author:</b> Z. C. Leseman	<b>Category:</b> Org. Colloquium
<b>Paper #:</b> 0125	<b>Time:</b> 9:50 am -10:15 am
<b>Title:</b> Fabrication of 2-D Phononic Crystals via Focused Ion Beam	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> A technique for the fabrication of 2-D Phononic Crystals (PnCs) is described that utilizes a focused ion beam (FIB) instrument. In particular, the details of the microfabrication procedure are discussed which creates the main structure from which the PnC is created. Following the microfabrication is the nanoFIBrication of the microstructure to create a PnC with nanoscale features. Results will be presented for the fabrication of a 33 GHz PnC.</p>	
<b>Coffee Break (Chamisa)</b>	<b>10:15 am - 10:40 am</b>
<b>Track 7: Phononic MEMS and RF Applications</b>	
<b>Session: 15 (Ortez Ballroom)</b>	<b>10:40 am - 12:50 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair:</b> A. Khelif	
<b>Author:</b> A. Adibi	<b>Category:</b> Plenary Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0179	<b>Time:</b> 10:40 am -11:10 am
<b>Title:</b> A Waveguide-based Phononic Crystal Micro/Nano-mechanical High-Q Resonator	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> In this paper, we report the design, analysis, fabrication, and characterization of a very high frequency (VHF) phononic crystal (PnC) micro/nano mechanical resonator architecture based on silicon (Si) PnC slab waveguides. The PnC structure completely surrounds the resonant area and the resonator is excited by a thin aluminum nitride-based piezoelectric transducer stack directly fabricated on top of the resonator. This architecture highly suppresses the support loss of the resonator to the surroundings while providing mechanical support and electrical signal delivery to the resonator.</p>	
<b>Author:</b> Y. Pennec	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0054	<b>Time:</b> 11:10 am -11:35 am
<b>Title:</b> Band Gaps and Defect Modes in Phononic Strip Waveguides	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> We study the elastic wave propagation in different geometries of strip waveguides obtained by extracting a row out of a phononic crystal slab made up of a square array of air holes in a silicon plate. We show that the existence of band gaps is strongly dependent on the cutting direction. We also study the existence of localized modes in cavities inserted inside the perfect strip waveguides.</p>	

<b>Author:</b> J. Vasseur	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0053	<b>Time:</b> 11:35 am -12:00 pm
<b>Title:</b> Tunable magnetoelastic phononic crystals	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>The feasibility of contactless tunability of the band structure of two dimensional phononic crystals is demonstrated by employing magnetostrictive materials and applying an external magnetic field. The influence of the amplitude and of the orientation with respect to the inclusion axis of the applied magnetic field are studied in details. Applications to tunable selective frequency filters are discussed.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> I. E. Psarobas	<b>Category:</b> Keynote Talk
<b>Paper #:</b> 0070	<b>Time:</b> 12:00 pm -12:25 pm
<b>Title:</b> Multi-phonon Processes in PhoXonic Cavities	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>Long lifetime photons and phonons, confined in the same region of space, inside a phoXonic cavity, can interface with each other via strong nonlinear acousto-optic interactions. We unveil physics of distinct importance as the hypersonic modulation of light is substantially enhanced through multi-phonon exchange mechanisms.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> R. H. Olsson	<b>Category:</b> Org. Colloquium
<b>Paper #:</b> 0122	<b>Time:</b> 12:25 pm -12:50 pm
<b>Title:</b> Micromachined Phononic Band-Gap Crystals and Devices	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>Micromachined phononic crystals are an emerging technology with applications in radio frequency communications, sensors and thermal energy harvesting. This paper presents work at Sandia National Laboratories in the realization of micromachined phononic crystal devices across a broad frequency range and in a number of material systems.</i>	
<b>Lunch Break (Chamisa)</b>	<b>12:50 pm - 2:00 pm</b>

Parallel Sessions	
<b>Track 1 &amp; 4: Phononic Crystals &amp; Phonon Transport</b>	
<b>Session: 17 (Ortez Ballroom A)</b>	<b>2:00 pm - 3:30 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair: A. Adibi</b>	
<b>Author: S. Alaie</b>	<b>Category: Contrib. Oral</b>
<b>Paper #: 0152</b>	<b>Time: 2:00 pm -2:15 pm</b>
<b>Title: On the Validity of 2D Numerical Simulation of Bandgap for Slab of Phononic Crystals</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>This work suggests a criterion for verification of Phononic bandpaps simulated by two dimensional elastodynamic models. The bandgap of a phononic crystals (PnCs) was studied using both 2D and 3D finite element analyses. Comparing the numerical results with experiment, this study indicates that validity of 2D models depends on the ratio of the thickness to the excitation wavelength.</i></p>	
<b>Author: R. A. Wildman</b>	<b>Category: Contrib. Oral</b>
<b>Paper #: 0147</b>	<b>Time: 2:15 pm -2:30 pm</b>
<b>Title: Multi-Objective Optimization of Phononic Bandgap Materials for Wide Band, Low Frequency Operation</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Phononic bandgap materials are optimized for maximization of bandgap size and minimization of center frequency using a genetic programming method for inclusion shape design and material choice. Maximizing the bandgap size allows for a material design that can block a wide range of frequencies. Minimizing the center frequency will give designs that are small compared to the effective wavelength.</i></p>	
<b>Author: M. V. Golub</b>	<b>Category: Contrib. Oral</b>
<b>Paper #: 0072</b>	<b>Time: 2:30 pm -2:45 pm</b>
<b>Title: Propagation and Transmission of Elastic SH-Waves in Functionally Graded Phononic Crystals</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>The boundary value problem of elastic SH-wave propagation in one-dimensional phononic crystals composed of functionally graded interlayers arisen from the solid diffusion of homogeneous isotropic material of the crystal is considered. The localization phenomena, transmission and band gaps due to the material gradation are investigated.</i></p>	

<b>Author:</b> F. Scarpa	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0022	<b>Time:</b> 2:45 pm -3:00 pm
<b>Title:</b> Band-gap Acoustic States in 1D and 2D Single Layer Graphene Sheet Systems	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>We evaluate the pass-stop band characteristics of mechanical wave propagating in periodic nanostructures made with nanoribbons or graphene sheets with non-reconstructed defects..</i>	
<b>Author:</b> R. J. Magyar	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0046	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -3:15 pm
<b>Title:</b> Divide and Conquer Quantum Mechanical Methods for Phononic Applications	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>Density functional theory is a highly efficient computational framework that describes structural properties of materials such as phonon frequencies and densities of states. In this talk, we suggest how the divide and conquer scheme may be well suited to determine phononic response in materials with supermolecular scale features.</i>	
<b>Author:</b> M. W. Blair	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0145	<b>Time:</b> 3:15 pm -3:30 pm
<b>Title:</b> Improved Lattice-Bath Phonon Relaxation in Nanoscale Oxides	
<b>Abstract:</b> <i>Electron paramagnetic resonance (EPR) spectroscopy has been used to study energy transport properties of bulk and nanophosphor oxyorthosilicate samples. The bulk samples displayed a slight phonon bottleneck while energy relaxation in the nanophosphor samples was not influenced by the lattice-bath relaxation time and was more rapid.</i>	
<b>Coffee Break (Chamisa)</b>	<b>3:30 pm - 3:55 pm</b>

Track 4: Phonon Transport	
<b>Session: 18 (Ortez Ballroom A)</b>	<b>3:55 pm - 4:40 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair: Z. C. Leseman</b>	
<b>Author: P.-O. Chapuis</b>	<b>Category: Contrib. Oral</b>
<b>Paper #: 0049</b>	<b>Time: 3:55 pm -4:10 pm</b>
<b>Title: Heat dissipation in silicon and quartz nanoridges</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>We have investigated experimentally the effect of confinement of thermal acoustic phonons in 100 nm large ridges of silicon and quartz. We quantify the deviation to Fourier and ballistic predictions as a function of two characteristic numbers, the constriction Knudsen number describing the transmission of the phonons and a dimensionless number based on the nanoridges volume/surface ratio.</i></p>	
<b>Author: F. Alzina</b>	<b>Category: Contrib. Oral</b>
<b>Paper #: 0094</b>	<b>Time: 4:10 pm -4:25 pm</b>
<b>Title: Dispersion of Confined Acoustic Phonons in Ultra-Thin Si Membranes</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>The dispersion curves of confined acoustic phonons in ~10 and ~30 nm Si membranes were measured using Brillouin Light Scattering (BLS) spectroscopy. The dispersion relations of the confined phonons were calculated from a semi-analytical model based on continuum elasticity theory. Green's function simulations were used to simulate the Brillouin spectra.</i></p>	
<b>Author: M. Prunnila</b>	<b>Category: Contrib. Oral</b>
<b>Paper #: 0103</b>	<b>Time: 4:25 pm -4:40 pm</b>
<b>Title: Acoustic Phonon Transmission and Heat Conduction Through Vacuum</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>We describe theoretically how acoustic phonons can directly transmit energy and conduct heat between bodies that are separated by a vacuum gap. This effect is enabled by introducing a coupling mechanism, such as piezoelectricity, that strongly couples electric field and lattice deformation.</i></p>	

Track 2: Periodic Structures	
<b>Session: 19 (Ortez Ballroom B)</b>	<b>2:00 pm - 3:30 pm</b>
<b>Session Chair: R. H. Olsson III</b>	
<b>Author: A. Leonard</b>	<b>Category: Contrib. Oral</b>
<b>Paper #: 0030</b>	<b>Time: 2:00 pm -2:15 pm</b>
<b>Title: Tailoring Stress Waves in 2-D Highly Nonlinear Granular Crystals: Simulations and Experiments</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>We study the propagation of elastic stress waves in two-dimensional highly nonlinear granular crystals composed of square packings of spheres with and without cylindrical intruders, via experiments and numerical simulations. By varying the intruder material, we show the ability to alter the propagating wave front characteristics. Experiments agree well with discrete particle simulations.</i></p>	
<b>Author: G. Theocharis</b>	<b>Category: Contrib. Oral</b>
<b>Paper #: 0079</b>	<b>Time: 2:15 pm -2:30 pm</b>
<b>Title: Control of Vibrational Energy in Nonlinear Granular Crystals</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>We describe recent work on nonlinear granular crystals. We explore phenomena related to vibrational energy localization, re-distribution, and rectification enabled by the spatial discreteness, disorder, and nonlinearity of granular crystals. In addition, we note how an understanding of dynamic phenomena in granular crystals can enable the design of novel engineering devices.</i></p>	
<b>Author: V. J. Sánchez-Morcillo</b>	<b>Category: Contrib. Oral</b>
<b>Paper #: 0098</b>	<b>Time: 2:30 pm -2:45 pm</b>
<b>Title: Second harmonics, instabilities and hole solitons in 1D phononic granular chains</b>	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>The propagation of nonlinear compressional waves in a 1D compressed granular chain driven at one end by a harmonic excitation is theoretically studied. The chain is described by a FPU lattice model with quadratic nonlinearity. We predict and describe different nonlinear phenomena, as the generation of second harmonics, modulational instabilities and the existence of hole (or dark) solitons.</i></p>	

<b>Author:</b> G. Wang	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0067	<b>Time:</b> 2:45 pm -3:00 pm
<b>Title:</b> Broadband Vibration Attenuation Induced by Periodic Arrays of Feedback Shunted Piezoelectric Patches on Beams	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>The effect of periodic arrays of feedback shunted piezoelectric patches in vibration attenuation of flexible beams is analyzed theoretically and experimentally. Broadband vibration attenuations are observed no mater in or out of the band gaps. The proposed concept is validated experimentally on a suspended epoxy beam.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> Y. Xiao	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0148	<b>Time:</b> 3:00 pm -3:15 pm
<b>Title:</b> Longitudinal Vibration Band Gaps in Rods with Periodically Attached Multi-Degree-of-Freedom Vibration Absorbers	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Band gap behavior in rods with periodically mounted multi-degree-of-freedom resonators (vibration absorbers) is concerned. Explicit expressions are derived for the calculation of complex band structures. The effects of absorber parameters on the band gap properties are studied. The band gap formation mechanisms of the system are explained by analytical models with explicit formulations.</i></p>	
<b>Author:</b> S. Chen	<b>Category:</b> Contrib. Oral
<b>Paper #:</b> 0031	<b>Time:</b> 3:15 pm -3:30 pm
<b>Title:</b> Active Control of Band Gaps by Periodically Distributed Piezo-shunts	
<p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Periodic arrays of inductive or negative capacitive shunted piezoelectric patches are employed to control the band gaps of phononic beams. An epoxy beam with periodically surface- bonded piezoelectric patches is designed. The band gaps, when each piezo-patch is connected to a single inductive or negative capacitive circuit, are investigated in detail.</i></p>	
<b>Coffee Break (Chamisa)</b>	<b>3:30 pm - 3:55 pm</b>

Track 6: Fabrication and Characterization for Phononics	
Session: 20 (Ortez Ballroom B)	3:55 pm - 4:40 pm
Session Chair: M. F. Su	
Author: T. J. Isotalo	Category: Contrib. Oral
Paper #: 0143	Time: 3:55 pm -4:10 pm
<p><b>Title:</b> Techniques for Self-Assembled Phononic Crystals</p> <p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>In this project, we study the assembly of periodic arrays of nanospheres and their crystalline properties. The vertical deposition technique is investigated along with the effects of substrate surface modifications for improvement of order and directed self-assembly. Dipping speed and PS sphere concentration are taken as the primary parameters affecting crystalline quality.</i></p>	
Author: D. F. Goettler	Category: Contrib. Oral
Paper #: 0151	Time: 4:10 pm -4:25 pm
<p><b>Title:</b> The Effect of Phononic Crystal Lattice Type and Lattice Spacing on the Reduction of Bulk Thermal Conductivity in Silicon and Silicon Nitride</p> <p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>Phononic crystals are a promising method of reducing a material's bulk thermal conductivity. Changing a phononic crystal's lattice type or its lattice spacing are two ways of reducing a material's thermal conductivity. Results of different lattice types and lattice spacings on the reduction of bulk thermal conductivity in silicon and silicon nitride at room temperature will be presented.</i></p>	
Author: D. Lanzillotti-Kimura	Category: Contrib. Oral
Paper #: 0158	Time: 4:25 pm -4:40 pm
<p><b>Title:</b> Nanophononics using Acoustic and Optical Cavities</p> <p><b>Abstract:</b> <i>We report pump-probe time experiments in acoustic and optical cavities. We demonstrate that the generated coherent acoustic phonon spectra can be inhibited or enhanced in the cavity. Simulations highlight the role of the phonon density of states in the coherent phonon generation, extending concepts at the base of the Purcell effect to the field of phononics.</i></p>	
<p><b>Adjourn</b> <b>4:40 PM</b></p>	

